

QUARTERLY UPDATE

New England Feeding New England

A project of the New England State Food System Planners Partnership

March 8, 2022

www.nefoodsystemplanners.org

Meeting Objectives



- Participants gain an understanding of the project goals and current status.
- Participants begin to explore how they and their work can fit into this project.
- Participants have an opportunity to connect with others in the project and understand how to stay involved.
- Participants have the opportunity to provide input and feedback into project direction.

Agenda



- 1. Project Overview
- 2. Research Update: Economic Impact of the NE Food System
- 3. Small Group Discussions (by State and the Region)
- 4. Closing and Next Steps

The New England State Food System Planners Partnership









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New England Feeding New England

PROJECT GOAL



By 2030, 30% of the food consumed in New England is produced/harvested/caught within New England.

Our collective effort will focus on expanding and fortifying the region's food supply and distribution systems in an equitable and inclusive way that ensures the availability of adequate, affordable, socially and culturally appropriate products under a variety of rapidly changing climate, environmental, and public health conditions.

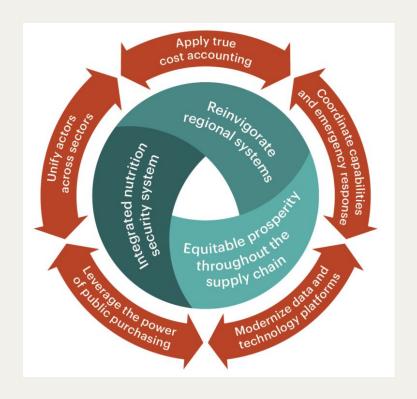
Why is this project important?



To ensure the food security of all New England residents as national and international supply chains shift.

To reduce health and economic disparities related to food in marginalized communities.

To reduce unintended costs imposed by the current food system (ie. health care costs, climate change, and biodiversity loss).



New England Feeding New England

PROJECT TIMELINE



By 2030, 30% of the food consumed in New England is produced/harvested/caught within New England.

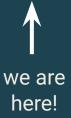
RESEARCH 2021 through 2022

PLANNING 2022 through 2023



IMPLEMENTATION 2023 into 2030 and beyond





Project Areas of Focus





Project Outputs



- Relevant, timely foundational data and analysis provided for each state and the 6-state region, which can be used for public, private, nonprofit, community, and philanthropic planning and investment decisions.
- Broadened and strengthened networks within and between states -working collaboratively to establish regionally-coordinated and
 prioritized implementation goals, objectives, and activities.
- Regional coordination among state-level, public sector decision makers on critical topics and priorities related to the development of a just and resilient regional food system.

Research Overview



- 14-member Research Team assembled and working across 5 research areas
- Research to inform strategy development, investment and policy recommendations that support increasing consumption of food produced in the region to 30% by 2030
- Year-long, multi-layered research to better understand the New England food supply chain, consumer and retail behavior and project what might be possible by 2030

Research Categories





Calculate numbers of jobs and establishments for the 6 state New England region between 2010 – 2020. Determine the level of occupational segregation by race/ethnicity related to employment. [presented 11/16/21]



Calculate production and economic impact estimates using data from US Census of Agriculture & US Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the Economic Census for manufacturing and distribution.

Update the Dietary Needs estimates from the New England Food Vision with more current data on production and trends + current USDA MyPlate guidelines.

Regional market demand study to analyze consumption and purchasing patterns and identify potential demand for regionally produced food within each market channel.

Identify and quantify targets necessary to produce and distribute 30% of the food needed by New Englanders, representing the diversity of ethnic, racial, and cultural preferences, in New England, by 2030.

Measuring Economic Impact of the New England Food System



Our Presenter Today:

Nic Rockler is an economic consultant specializing in regional impact measurement, modeling, and assessment. He is highly experienced in the development and application of regional econometric, input-output, and hybrid models. He has more than 35 years experience as a regional economist. Since 2006, Dr. Rockler has been CEO of Kavet, Rockler and Associates, a Vermont consulting firm.

Measuring Economic Impact of the New England Food System



- Units of Measure: familiar ones include jobs, personal income, domestic product (GDP or value added), output (sales), establishment counts
- We look at the composition economic activity in 28 food system industries.
 These fall into three broad industry groupings:
 - Farm/fisheries: Crop types, animal-related activities, fisheries
 - Manufacturing: Food product including processed commodities, prepared foods, and food-related products and beverages
 - Services: Wholesale distribution, retail sales, and food/beverage service
- We are concerned with levels of activity and growth rates of the industries and interaction of these with each other and other parts of the regional economy.
- We look at variations over geography, in this case the six New England states.

How We Measure Impact



One means of analyzing the performance of an industry or collection of industries is to examine their **economic multipliers.** These are quantitative measures of interaction between one industry and others in a region (or nation). The greater degree with which an industry is integrated with others in the same and other industries determines how fast sectors of an economy will grow (or the converse.)

for example:



Economic Multipliers for the New England Food System



Here are the 2017 figures for New England as a whole:

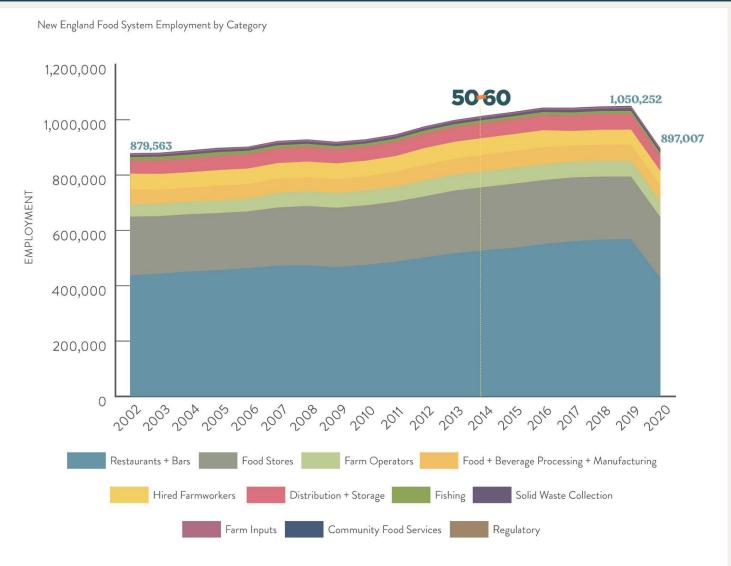
New England Food System Total (jobs in 000s, \$2020, millions)

Impact	Employment (Jobs)	Labor Income (\$)	Value Added (\$)	Output (\$)
1 - Direct Total	932	25,056.6	37,630.0	76,745.6
2 - Indirect (interindustry)Total		10,748.4	15,907.9	29,740.5
3 - Induced (consumption)Total		10,248.6	17,509.2	28,267.9
5 - Induced (consumption) lotar	244	10,248.0	17,509.2	20,207.9
Grand Total	1,395	46,053.5	71,047.1	134,753.9
		Multipliers		
Туре І	1.2355	1.4290	1.4227	1.3875
Type II	1.4971	1.8380	1.8880	1.7559

Source: N. Rockler, Kavet, Rockler and Assoc., using the IMPLAN Model

Employment by Food Category





Food System Importance in State GDP



State	2017 Total State Product (\$2020, million)	2017 Food System Product (\$2020, million)	2017 % State Product	2017 Total Employment (Jobs)	2017 Food System Employment (Jobs)	2017 % State Employment	Food System Industry Sales Growth Rate 2007-2017 (CAGR*)
Connecticut	273,282	8,760	3.2%	2,309,785	143,737	6.2%	1.9%
Maine	62,409						
Massachusetts	552,839			4,804,782	457,983	9.5%	1.1%
New Hampshire	83,356	2,676	3.2%	884,684	92,748	10.5%	0.6%
Rhode Island	59,981	2,410	4.0%	641,359	66,333	10.3%	2.5%
Vermont	32,536	2,150	6.6%	436,227	61,340	14.1%	4.2%
New England Total	1,064,404		3.5%				2.1%

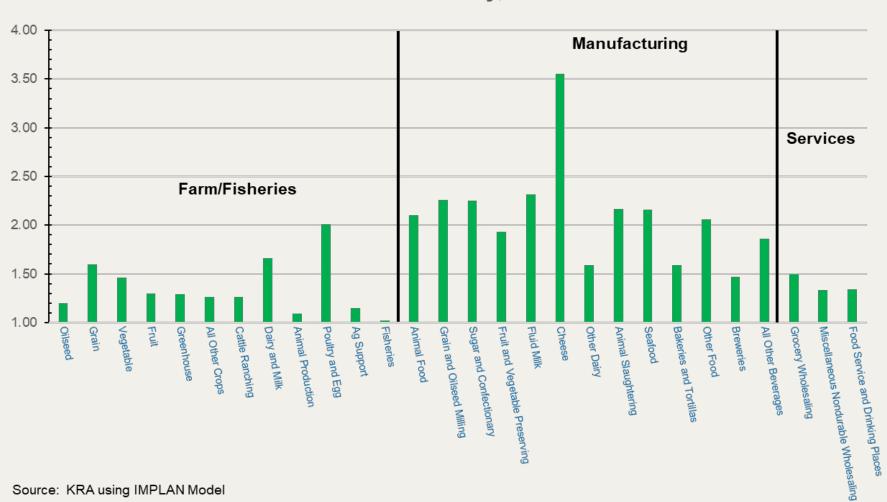
Source: KRA

^{*}CAGR-Compound Annual Growth Rate

Multipliers by Industry



New England Food System: Type I Value Added Multipliers by Industry, 2017



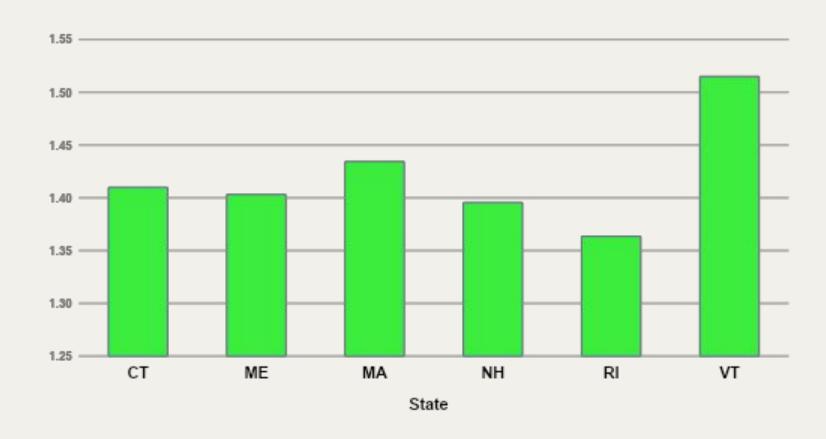
Source: KRA using IMPLAN Model

Multipliers by State



NE Food System: Type I Value Added Multiplier by State





Source: KRA using IMPLAN Model





State/Industry	\$ Value Added (\$2020, millions)	Type I Value Added Multiplier
MA-Food Service and Drinking Places	12,083.4	1.35
CT-Food Service and Drinking Places	5,032.7	1.36
MA-Grocery Wholesaling	2,194.1	1.53
NH-Food Service and Drinking Places	1,778.9	1.33
CT-Grocery Wholesaling	1,757.3	1.48
RI-Food Service and Drinking Places	1,637.9	1.34
ME-Food Service and Drinking Places	1,617.8	1.32
CT-Miscellaneous Nondurable Wholesaling	720.8	1.28
VT-Food Service and Drinking Places	716.4	1.23
MA-Fisheries	649.8	1.00
MA-Bakeries and Tortillas	581.1	1.61
ME-Fisheries	575.0	1.03
ME-Other Dairy Product Manufacturing	500.5	1.43
VT-Grocery Wholesaling	456.0	1.43
MA-Other Food Product Manufacturing	448.5	2.05

Source: KRA using IMPLAN Model

Key Take Aways



- 1. New England's Food System is important in and of itself in terms of size (jobs, sales).
- 2. It has not historically had high growth activity viewed as a whole, but certain industries, most recently brewing, local farm product and supply wholesaling, have seen very high growth rates.
- 3. Policy needs to be concerned with size, growth, and interconnections in the regional food system. Emphasis on one dimension is likely to be ineffective for the long-run.

Research: Multipliers



- Multipliers are important to measure the strength of inter-industry connections in a regional economy. They have useful policy applications for identifying the growth effects of industry-specific actions.
- They are not, by themselves, a measure of economic importance.
 They need to be accompanied by activity levels and growth rates.
 (There are a dozen industries with very high multipliers but no activity in some New England states.)
- Other factors need to be considered when looking at changes in the New England food supply and changes in the the regional diet.

Multipliers Interpretation



As goods and services are produced and used by other industries, value is added along the way. (See Slide #13) The greater the value added contained within a region, the larger the impact on the local economy, with increasing income and employment.

Multiplier values are of two types:

Type I: Those that measure linked activity among producing industries (or activities)

Type II: Those that measure activity that is enabled by producing industries' wage and income payments, i.e, consumption, savings, and investment.

Multiplier Interpretation



How to interpret multipliers: (See Slide #14)

The <u>Type 1-Employment</u> multiplier of 1.2355 means that for each added job in the New England Food System industries, a total of 1.2355 jobs are actually created, with the .2355 jobs generated to serve that added 1 job.

For the <u>Type 2-Employment</u> multiplier, 1.4971, an added job results in additional .4971 jobs, with the higher value than the Type 1 coming from worker consumption spending.

Group Discussion



Large Group Q&A

- Put your question in the chat and we will moderate chat questions
- We will compile a list of all questions and develop a Q&A document to release at a later date

Research: Next Steps



Update the Dietary Needs estimates from the New England Food Vision with current data on production and trends as well as USDA MyPlate guidelines.

Regional Market Demand Study to analyze consumption and purchasing patterns and identify potential demand for regionally produced food by market channel.

Identify and quantify targets necessary to produce and distribute 30% of the food needed by New England, representing the diversity of ethnic, racial, and cultural preferences, in New England, by 2030.

New England Food Flows will visually depict the quantity of imports and exports of food into and out of New England as well as "loops" of trade within New England.





Quarterly newsletters/meetings (June 2022 & Sept. 2022)

Attend them all, and forward the invitation to your colleagues who might also want to attend.

Timely research reports

Help us share this data more widely with state decision makers - invite your state NEFNE lead to present to your state planning councils, climate commissions, and public finance entities.

Engagement with community-based organizations

We are reaching out to community based organizations to gain their insight on matters of food security and find out what is most important to them. Tell your state NEFNE lead who to contact.



For more information, contact your state lead, email nefne@vsjf.org, or visit www.nefoodsystemplanners.org

Thank you!